Faith-based disaster relief groups balance COVID safety with speedy Ida response

by Bob Smietana in the September 22, 2021 issue



Jerilyn Collins returns to her destroyed home with the assistance of a Louisiana National Guard high-water vehicle to retrieve medicine for herself and her father in the aftermath of Hurricane Ida in LaPlace, Louisiana on August 30. (AP Photo/Gerald Herbert)

In the wake of Hurricane Ida, faith-based disaster relief groups have been assessing damage, setting up mobile kitchens, and preparing to send skilled volunteers to Louisiana, Mississippi, and other states hit hard by the storm.

These groups began putting equipment and supplies into place before Ida made landfall on August 29 and have kept in constant contact with church leaders and other volunteers to determine the best places to set up relief operations, given widespread power outages.

As the cleanup began, they were also mindful that COVID-19 could put all their work at risk.

"We are taking all the precautions we can," said Sam Porter, national director for Southern Baptist Disaster Relief, adding that Baptist leaders from Louisiana and other states had done the bulk of the planning.

Those precautions included splitting up volunteers into small groups and housing volunteers from different states in different locations. Volunteers are also required to wear masks when gathering in groups.

"We don't want to have positive COVID tests where the whole team has to go home," Porter said, adding that COVID had already interrupted some of the rebuilding efforts after last year's hurricanes.

Presbyterian Disaster Assistance, a ministry of the Presbyterian Church (USA), focuses on long-term recovery after natural disasters. The group has been doing rebuilding work in Lake Charles, Louisiana, which was hit hard by Hurricanes Lara and Delta in 2020.

The Presbyterian volunteers are also required to be vaccinated. "The risk of harm to a local community that is still suffering—and the risk of harm to volunteers—is so significant that we want to make sure everyone is vaccinated," said Laurie Kraus, director of Presbyterian Disaster Assistance.

Much of Louisiana was without power after the storm, making the job more difficult for the Southern Baptist teams, which normally work out of churches and other faith institutions. Drinking water and gasoline are also in short supply, according to the Associated Press.

Samaritan's Purse, a North Carolina-based evangelical nonprofit, planned to set up three disaster relief locations in communities affected by Ida.

"Louisiana was pummeled by Hurricane Ida, and thousands of families are in need of both physical assistance and hope," said Franklin Graham, president of Samaritan's Purse. "We are coming alongside these hurting communities to help them start to get back on their feet and remind them of the true hope that can only be found in Jesus Christ." Lara Martin, director of the US disaster response unit for the United Methodist Committee on Relief, said the first step for local Methodist volunteers was to do damage assessments. Once those are done, local teams can invite other Methodists to come in to assist with relief efforts. Methodist relief volunteers are also wearing masks and taking other precautions to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

The Louisiana Annual Conference of the United Methodist Church has a strong disaster relief group already in place, Martin said.

She added that disaster relief starts long before a storm hits. Training and advance preparation are crucial to any response. "We're so grateful for the strong partners that we have there in the conference," she said.

Relief efforts may be needed in other states as well, Martin said, including Tennessee, which earlier in August was hit with catastrophic flooding in the town of Waverly, west of Nashville. At least 20 people were killed in flooding

in Middle Tennessee. —Religion News Service